Now in its sixth year, Objectspace's annual graduate exhibition continues to present outstanding graduates from New Zealand tertiary institutions in the fields of Applied Arts and Design. Providing a valuable snapshot of the trends and issues in contemporary creative practice, Best in Show 2010 showcases seventeen newly emerged voices in contemporary Jewellery, Fashion, Textile, Object, Furniture, Ceramics, and Graphic Design.

Adamson, Glenn (ed.); http://prodesign.co.nz The Craft Reader, Berg, interview-guy-julier, (11 March 2010)

Although public awareness of, and interest in, contemporary craft and design has grown significantly in recent years, it is important to highlight that this growth is not limited to New Zealand. Malcolm McCullough of The University of Michigan has recently said "the idea of craft has jumped to the forefront of creative work. The many young artisans now engaged in digital fabrication, tangible interfaces, and do-it-yourself electronics may enjoy reflecting on the few who... kept craft alive through the industrial night."1

Given this growing level of interest in craft discourse, it may seem surprising that there is no local tradeshow-type initiative in place between institutions to showcase art and design graduates. Albeit referring to the much larger market for craft and design that exists in the UK, international design historian and recent visitor to New Zealand, Guy Julier, commented in a 2009 interview with ProDesign<sup>2</sup> magazine that there is a "big, very commercial show called 'New Designers' where universities have to pay thousands of pounds to have a stand there to showcase their best students and their art." He was quick to note, however, that "the problem with the whole sort of exhibition-driven form of student design outcomes is that it privileges certain kinds of approaches to design over others." Objectspace is aware of this potential issue, and as an independently selected launching pad for emerging practitioners, Best in Show 2010 aims not to present a strictly defined purview of institutional programmes, but instead offer the public an exciting selection of new voices in a variety of creative endeavours, and to these exhibitors, a valuable professional development opportunity.

Objectspace would like to congratulate all the Best in Show 2010 exhibitors on their substantial achievements to date and also acknowledge the following Institutions and their representatives who continue to play a very important role in the development of Design and the Applied Arts in New Zealand: Manukau School of Visual Arts (Te Whare Takiura o Manukau), United (Te Whare Wananga o Wairaka), Otago Polytechnic (Te Kura Matatini ki Otago), Whitireia (Te Kura Matatini o Whitireia), Massey University.

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Manukau School of Visual Arts

(Te Whare Takiura o Manukau)

Jeweller Kate Butler says that her work "operates in what Julia Kristeva has called 'women's time.' This is a time described as nonlinear and cyclical and includes natural processes that require no agency. It is a system of ebb and flow. This notion of womens time encapsulates my process of collecting the remnants and non precious evidence of living." Butler employs this theory using a crochet process that resembles the double helix structure of DNA. It is a fitting analogy as "each crochet stitch is a further link in the ancestral chain that I am working into ... These crocheted works speak for me of complicated relationships - families meshed tightly which appear transparent on the surface but hide secrets within the mesh."

Applying details of her subject to a unique level of scrutiny,

Jeweller Nadene Carr explores the subject of 'the suit'. Reveling

in the new discoveries uncovered by her approach, which crosses

the boundary between accessory and apparel, she says "the

transformation that I do want to present is its remodeling into

an agent of art, quality in the materials and beauty in design. I

am not concerned with garments that go in and out of fashion,

or to be a passive symbol of status. It comes down to the relation-

ship between the object and the wearer, and my questioning of

# Kristin D'Agostino

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Emma Cullen treats her practice as a fluid and experimental

creative process. She describes her 2009 body of work as being

"made up of smaller 'projects', which are interconnected, par-

ticularly through the process (thought process, set of rules) they

are made with and through the hand of the maker." An initial

glance at Cullen's work suggests a selection of disparate objects.

This estimation is in one sense correct however Cullen elaborates,

saying that her objects "relate to experiences - each is a visual

response to an investigation of my own practice, my working

method, my life experience, and my person ... I like to be reminded

that the objects exist outside of a formal context."

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Investigating the relationship between the wearer and the jeweller. Kristin D'Agostino "attempts to scramble the current paradigm where one person makes and the other observes. In this case, both parties function as giver and receiver and as maker and viewer. It is an experiment in interchange and initiating relationships." D'Agostino's 'relational' forays within jewellery allow her to negotiate the boundaries of her practice both as a maker of jewellery and as a facilitator of projects such as the 'Broach of the Month Club'.

fanbot\_is@hotmail.com Massey University

Textile designer Matt Fanning draws inspiration from his interests in optical effects, magic, cinema and geometry. His design practice encompasses a range of 2D and 3D elements and techniques with an emphasis upon exploring three dimensional space. Fanning observes that "directors and magicians control their audiences' perceptions through the manipulation of space and time: my collection endeavoured to explore the manipulation of real and virtual space."

# ways of viewing the subject. Treating a range of signifiers as both material and subject for jewellery, the works resulting from this interrogation are for Gibson embodiments of a thinking and making process that is engaged with our often problematic desire for luxury goods.

Sunni Gibson's work questions "jewellery's current and historic

role as a signifier of status and wealth." Gibson's work is not

focused upon upon one type of object, but represents multiple

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Whitireia (Te Kura Matatini o Whitireia)

A recent excursion to Istanbul led textile designer Emma Grose to an inspired visit to a Turkish Rug shop. She writes that "the shop had a certain charm and sense of mystery about it, accompanied by a colorful shop owner, Hussein, who told wonderful tales of carpets, travel and the Turkish people." Back in New Zealand and inspired by her travels, Grose used various photographic and digital techniques to distort light and create wonderful abstract photographic images which were then digitally printed onto fabric. The mystery and spirit of her adventures has been innovatively channeled into these works.

gwen.h@xtra.co.nz Otago Polytechnic (Te Kura Matatini ki Otago)

Gwen Hudson employs a background in fashion and textile to a series of work which combines her skills and applies them, using wet and dry felt techniques to create what she refers to as "ambiguous soft sculptural forms". Although on one level a playful exploration, there is a serious message embedded in Hudson's work about which she says "these forms, representing affected mushrooms, are created around a theme of the dangers facing nature and nature's fragility and susceptibility to manipulation

d kaho@hotmail.com Unitec (Te Whare Wananga o Wairaka)

Graphic designer David Kaho says "being an Australian born Tongan who lives in New Zealand I have become more curious of my cultural identity". For the final year of his design degree identity became a key influence in his design practice and saw Kaho creating a suite of work aimed at helping "understand the differences between Western and Polynesian cultural to create an understanding within myself." The resulting publication is closely related to a poster designed to promote the. The poster is very interesting as a stand-alone project. For this Kaho designed a "contemporary-pacific heading typeface to compliment the publication. It had references to a common polynesian motif and weaving."

Not many students would find a direct source of inspiration for

their work in the building in which they undertake their study,

but graphic designer Corinne Lochner did just that. Many people

will know that 'Building 1' at Unitec is the historical site of the

Oakley Hospital. She says "over the few years I studied at Unitec

I was always told stories of what went on and I wanted to find

out more." Following up this interest, Lochner became inspired

by "how and what went on at Oakley Hospital and having con-

nections with people that used to work and were around when it

closed as a mental hospital". She then developed an in-depth

historical project, producing and designing an intriguing new

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Taking inspiration from modular structures and kitset construction, Jade Muirhead's jewellery is based on the principle of what she terms 'kitset jewellery'. Taking on the issue of status, Muirhead says of her work; "the less you have the more you desire. Packaged in specific kits, the first kit shows what can be created if you join the second kit to the first, and then what you can have joining the third, thus leading you to want more ... With play being the main factor, the wearer is the designer of their own body

# sense that these resources often come from such staples of our retail environment as '\$2 shops'. "Walking away from the store" she says, "my sugar high turns into a low and guilt starts to overwhelm me. What am I going to do with all of them?" Rather than merely grabbing a bargain or indulging in retail therapy, Singh reinterprets the potential value of everyday objects, creating jewellery works which "suddenly transcend their original purpose

and enter the realm of thoughtful and desirable objects. They

Robyn Singh likens the process of resourcing materials for her

jewellery to the feeling of having a sugar rush. It is fitting in this

become a unique multiple."

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At first glance Helen Perrett's dog women may appear to some viewers as a statement about gender roles. Perrett on the other hand suggests a unique and empowering stance for these works when she quotes the artist Paula Rego, who said: "To be a dog woman is not necessarily to be downtrodden; that has very little to do with it ... everywoman's a dog woman, not downtrodden but powerful. To be bestial is good. It's physical. Eating, snarling, all activities to do with sensation are positive. To picture a woman as a dog is utterly believable."

Raewyn Walsh describes her practice as moving freely "between jewellery and object and investigating the attachments we have

# to physical things ... I am interested in the themes of collections, possession, function and purpose." Among her investigations, Walsh's use of the vessel, which she says represents "form and formlessness", is a central element in her work. She is attracted both to the vessel's utilitarian function as well as its tangible and intangible associations. Walsh intervenes with found objects. "cutting, adding new materials, and distorting shapes. I also transplant my own objects onto them".

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something begins."

Lars Preisser recounts his upbringing In Germany where part of his family was involved with industrial looms. He recalls "I was able to see these weaving machines in action a few times. They are extremely fast and the noise they produce is so loud that you had to wear ear protection." In exploring weaving as an artist Preisser emphasises the repetitive motions and sounds of the machine along with himself as the weaver. Integrating audio cable into the weaving. Preisser provides the listener with "an insight into the process of the weaving by echoing its own creation" and notes that "I am always aware that the computer is historically dependent on the loom. It's the question of where

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the objects role on the body."

An awareness of the unnecessary accessories aimed at the blank spaces in our lives, feeds the practice of Ko-Hsin Chen, who observes: "we crave for unnecessary accessories all day every day, especially when there is a limited amount in supply." Chen reinterprets these desires and has transferred the contemporary craving for sneakers into a range of bags fashioned from recycled retro-style shoes; perhaps drawing inspiration from previous eras when recycling was not necessarily 'de rigeur' but rather more of an economic and physical necessity.

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book about her findings.

Designer Sita Main's 'Furoshikability' shelving system was "initially inspired by the decorative and fluid nature of traditional Japanese Furoshiki, the art of folding textiles to create a myriad of forms." Main describes an interest in "the physical nature of furoshiki from how it was knotted, rolled and folded to the nature of the textiles being fluid and soft yet able to be transformed into various structures which always revert back to a simple square piece of fabric ... 'Furoshikability' was a term coined by Korean author O' Young Lee who wrote 'Furoshiki Culture' and refers to a traditional eastern way of life which favours a flexible approach over the more fitted ones of the West."

